The Program Committee for the Program in Criminal Justice at Rutgers University in New Brunswick has adopted a series of learning goals for students who complete the major. These goals represent the consensus of the faculty regarding the concepts a student should grasp and the skills a student should acquire in the course of completing the major. These goals guide the choices faculty make about the structure of the curriculum and the requirements for our majors. Moreover, they guide faculty and instructors preparing course material and teaching courses.

The Program in Criminal Justice will provide students with a rich understanding of crime and criminal justice in the United States and abroad through an interdisciplinary approach that blends a strong liberal arts educational experience with pre-professional instruction in the field of criminal justice. Graduates of the program will be well-informed citizens on the topic of crime and justice, and qualified for graduate study or for employment as practitioners in a variety of legal, policymaking, and law enforcement fields.

Criminal justice majors graduating from a research university should be able to use critical thinking, factual inquiry, and the scientific approach to solve problems related to individual and group behavior. In addition, students should have an understanding of the legal, political and policymaking processes that affect criminal justice systems in the United States and elsewhere in the world. Finally, students should be familiar with the institutional structures and latest developments in the field in order to engage in meaningful debate about current public policy issues.
Learning Goals for Criminal Justice Majors

1. Competence:
   a.) Theory. Students who complete the major in criminal justice should understand and be able to articulate, both orally and in writing, the core theoretical concepts that form the foundation of analysis and research in criminology and criminal justice today. Core concepts are derived from explanations of crime from a variety of perspectives, including biogenic, psychological, and sociological approaches. There are myriad theories of crime that are informed by these perspectives, including, classical, control, critical, ecology, labeling, learning, strain, and trait-based approaches. Theoretical literacy should extend to multicultural and international understanding.
   b.) Institutions. Students who complete the major in criminal justice should understand the special role of three types of institutions: Police, Corrections, and Courts. In addition, students should know how institutional forms vary across jurisdictions and how these institutions interact with and influence each other.
   c.) Research Methods. Students who complete the criminal justice major should be familiar with the tools, techniques, and data sources necessary for empirical analysis. Students should understand the various ways that empirical analysis is used in the scientific approach: for description, for developing, and for testing theories. They should be able to analyze data using computer applications and should be familiar with basic statistical techniques and regression analysis. They should be able to read and assess research from a wide range of sources, including general interest, academic, and government publications.

2. Critical Thinking: Upon completion of the major students should be able to apply their understanding of core concepts and quantitative tools to analyze and research real world problems, and evaluate alternative policy proposals on a range of criminal justice issues, from micro-level analyses relevant to particular cases to management concerns to macro-level analyses of legislative and other broad-scale policies. Accomplishment of this goal will require that students can apply their literacy and numeracy skills to different institutional structures, within the U.S. and across countries.

3. Scholarship: Qualified majors should have an opportunity through such avenues as advanced coursework, internships, and faculty interactions to conduct independent research on matters of central relevance to the field of criminal justice.
SYLLABUS

PURPOSE OF THE COURSE:

The course intends to survey the expanding boundaries of corrections, punishment, and social control. By emphasizing a critical approach to the criminal justice apparatus, prevailing myths and ideologies shall be confronted, allowing students to understand how key social forces (i.e., economics, politics, morality, and technology) shape the use of prisons in contemporary society. Likewise, considerable attention is directed at the internal workings of corrections, including various institutional problems and issues (e.g., violence, the death penalty, the war on drugs, racism and classism). The general goal of this class is to foster an intelligent and sophisticated view of corrections and its many contradictions.

REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS:


EVALUATION OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE:

Three Exams: 30 points each 90 points
Five Quizzes: 2 points each 10 points
Total Semester Points: 100 points

Exams consist of 60 multiple-choice items (1/2 points each) covering both lecture and reading assignments.

Quizzes will be unannounced and cover topics in assigned reading assignments.

There are NO make up dates for ANY quiz under ANY circumstance.

There are NO extra credit assignments.

There are NO discretionary grades in this course
Final Grades:

90 - 100%  A
87 – 89%    B+
80 – 86%    B
77 – 79%    C+
70 – 76%    C
60 – 69%    D
00 – 59%    F

This syllabus is subject to change

May 28    Course introduction.

May 29    *Ironies of Imprisonment*. Chapters 1 & 2. The Penitentiary

May 30    *Corrections: A Critical Approach*. Chapter 1. Introduction


June 4    *Corrections: A Critical Approach*. Chapter 3. America's Penal Past and Correctional Experience

June 5    *Corrections: A Critical Approach*. Chapter 4. Theoretical Penology. Traditional & Critical Perspectives on Corrections
      Course Section Review

June 6    **Examination #1**

June 10   *Ironies of Imprisonment*. Chapter 4: War on Drugs and Just War Theory. *Corrections: Critical Approach*: Chapter 16.


June 12   *Corrections: A Critical Approach*. Chapter 6: Women in Corrections


June 20  **Examination 2**


June 26 & 27  *Ironies of Imprisonment*. Chapter 8: War on Terror and the Misuse of Detention.

July 1 Current and Future Trends in Corrections.

July 2 Class review

July 3  **Final Exam.** Last day of class

Final Examination Tentative: Thursday, July 3, 2013, 10:15 AM to 12:00 NOON Hardenbergh Hall B-6.

Students unable to attend **ANY** examination on the assigned date, for **ANY** reason, are to notify the instructor **PRIOR** to the examination date to make arrangements for a make up examination.

Nota Bene: Tape recording lectures is strictly prohibited, along with note-taking for commercial purposes. This syllabus is subject to change.

Students are encouraged to utilize any and all resources available to assist them with this course through the Rutgers University Learning Resource Center. Information regarding the services available can be accessed at: [http://lrc.rutgers.edu](http://lrc.rutgers.edu)

Students will be held to the academic integrity standards of this institution. Refer to: [http://teachx.rutgers.edu/integrity](http://teachx.rutgers.edu/integrity)